# Row 9886

Visit Number: 9e273ff4a5da1736c8a838d5993dc3fe7afe0afe6945167c770aee8864c6b113

Masked\_PatientID: 9886

Order ID: f33b4ff2fcbbc7ca2b5cd15c2e85176efa1dcd84e42e33587f953f1f9ac92bfd

Order Name: CT Chest, Abdomen and Pelvis

Result Item Code: CTCHEABDP

Performed Date Time: 25/3/2015 21:56

Line Num: 1

Text: HISTORY b/g metastatic breast ca. admitted for SOB secondary to pleural effusion - for re staging TECHNIQUE Unenhanced scans of the thorax, abdomen and pelvis were performed. Positive Oral Contrast FINDINGS Comparison was made with the CT scan of 18 Feb 2015. Image quality is degraded by motion artefact. Patient is status post bilateral mastectomy and axillary clearance. Nodularity and skin thickening along the left chest wall are grossly unchanged. Thereis interval increase in size of the right pleural effusion causing severe collapse of the right lung, mediastinal shift to the left and depressing the liver inferiorly. Small left pleural effusion is grossly unchanged. There is stable scarring inthe left apex and anterior left lung compatible with post-radiotherapy change. Scattered pulmonary metastases in the left lung are stable. Borderline enlarged right paratracheal nodes are stable. There is a stable small pericardial effusionWell defined hypodensities representing cysts are noted in segments IVA, VII and VIII. No contour deforming lesion is seen in the unenhanced liver, gallbladder, pancreas, spleen, adrenal glands or right kidney. Stable left hydronephrosis and hydroureter with transition at the level of L3/4. The bowel loops are not dilated. There is a small D2 segment duodenal diverticulum. There is no enlarged abdominal or pelvic lymph node. There is no free intraperitoneal fluid. Nodular thickening of the bladder, particularly the left posterior wall is grossly stable. Stable mass in the right ovary containing fat and calcium, compatible with an ovarian dermoid. Uterus and left ovary are unremarkable. There is no destructive bony lesion. Stable sclerotic focus in the head of the left 11th rib is non-specific. CONCLUSION 1. Interval increase in size of right pleural effusion with significant mass effect and mediastinal shift. Stable small left pleural effusion. 2. Stable soft tissue nodularity along the left chest wall and left posterior bladder wall. 3. Visualised pulmonary metastases in the left lung are stable. 4. Stable left hydronephrosis and hydroureter. Dr Jason Chan was informed of the findings by Dr. Tham Wei Ping on 25/3/2015 at 10:50PM. May need further action Tham Wei Ping , Senior Resident , 14580G Finalised by: <DOCTOR>

Accession Number: 6a3eb40f81eee4b31e8198515fcc530c46acb24d3e313398d10d27e49a7dac87

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